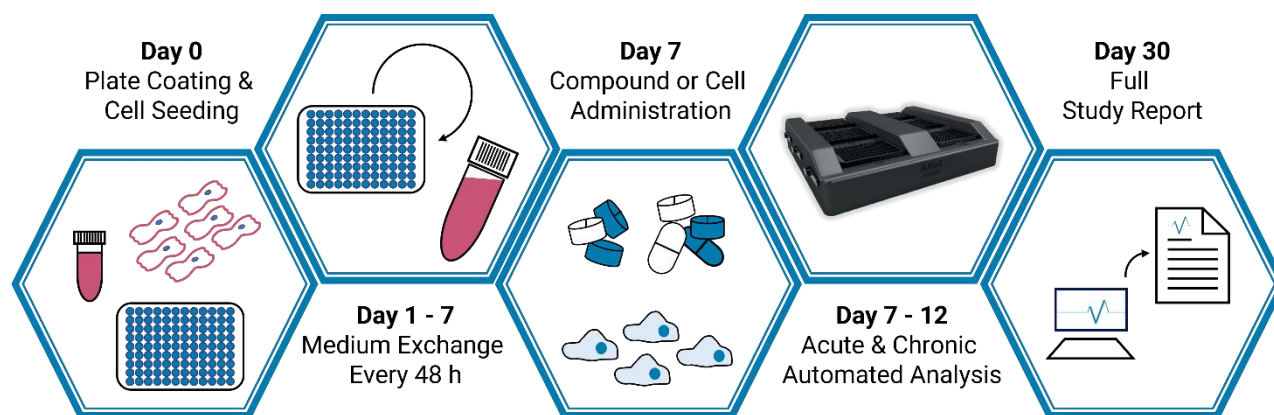


Order Your Quantitative Phenotypic AtlaZ Service to Reveal the Full Spectrum of Cell Responses

- ✓ High Throughput Analysis (576 wells)
- ✓ Simultaneous Analysis of the Entire Frequency Spectrum
- ✓ Label-Free Monitoring of Cellular Events over Weeks
- ✓ Acute and Chronic Assessment for Time and Dose-Dependent Effects
- 🚀 **Contact us to speed up your drug development process!**

Get Your Study Report within 6 Weeks



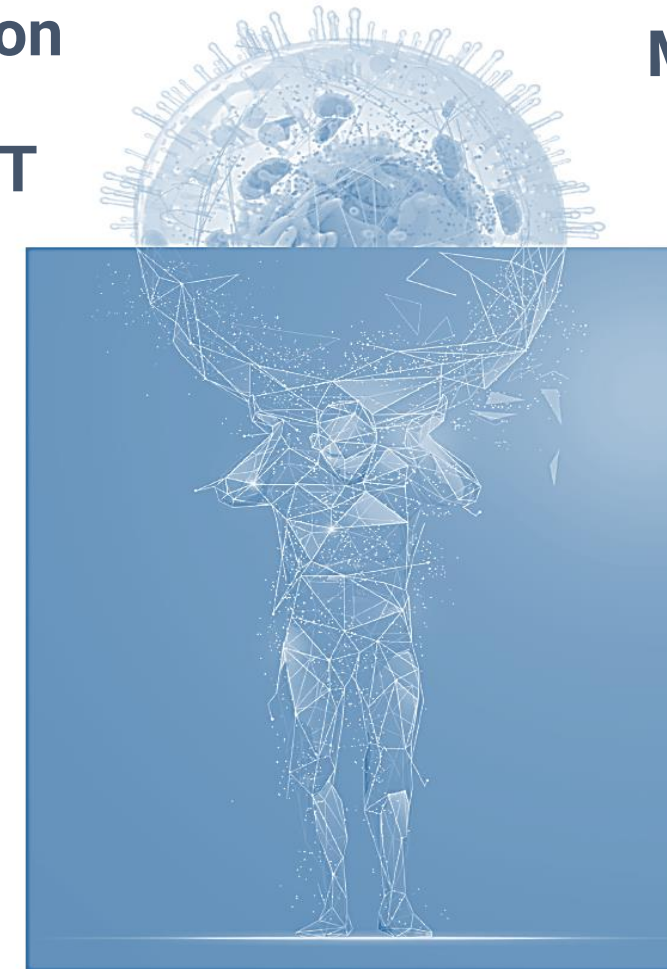
Harness the Full Power of Live Cell Monitoring



- | | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| Immuno-Oncology | Cytotoxicity |
| Cell Proliferation | CAR-T |
| Cell Signalling | Wound Healing |
| GPCR | Barrier Function |

What do you want to explore?

- Barrier Function
- GPCR
- Cytolysis
- Cell Monitoring
- TEER
- CAR-T



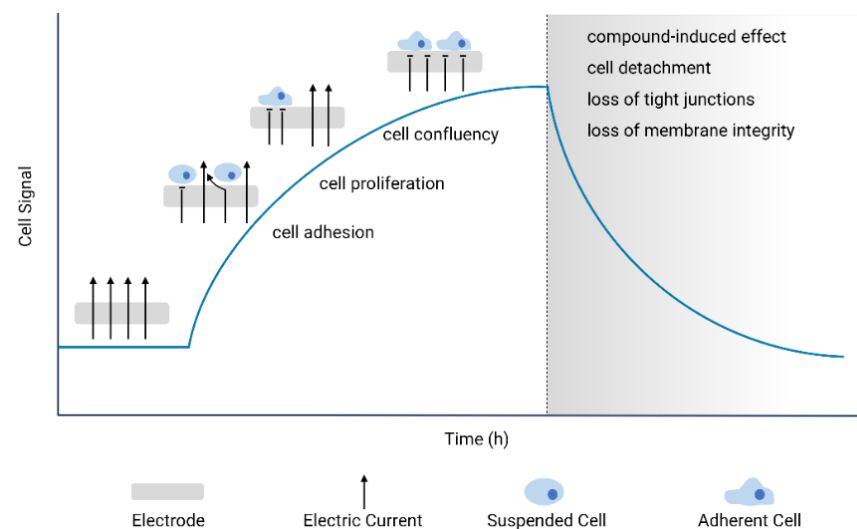
AtlaZ – High Throughput Monitoring of Cellular Information

Cellular reactions beyond biochemical endpoints play a pivotal role for lead optimization, efficacy, safety and toxicity testing, regardless of the therapeutic area your project is focussed on.

The AtlaZ system (Nanon Technologies) monitors compound-induced effects of small molecules, biopharmaceuticals, vector-based or immune therapeutics on cellular level based on impedance technology.

The advantages of analysing six 96-well plates simultaneously and a broad frequency spectrum allows for a high throughput analysis of morphological changes, reorganization of the extra cellular matrix, modifications of cellular junctions, cytolysis or wound healing.

Technology - Electrical Impedance

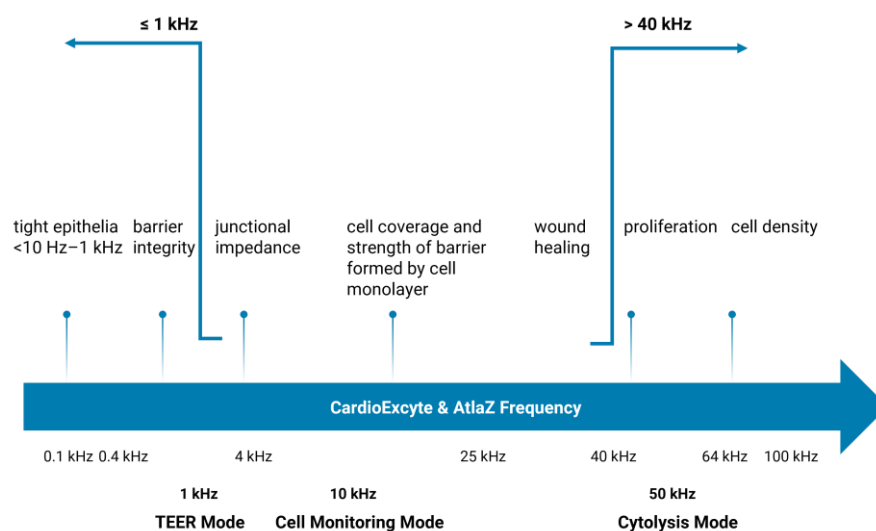


The AtlaZ system is based on the impedance technology.

Unique 96-well cell culture plates with integrated gold electrodes allow for quantitative live-cell analysis by measuring the impedance (Ohm) of adherent cells. The cell signal value offers information on cell adherence, proliferation or cell death.

Six 96-well plates can be assessed simultaneously in the AtlaZ device, enabling the execution of n=576 experiments at the same time.

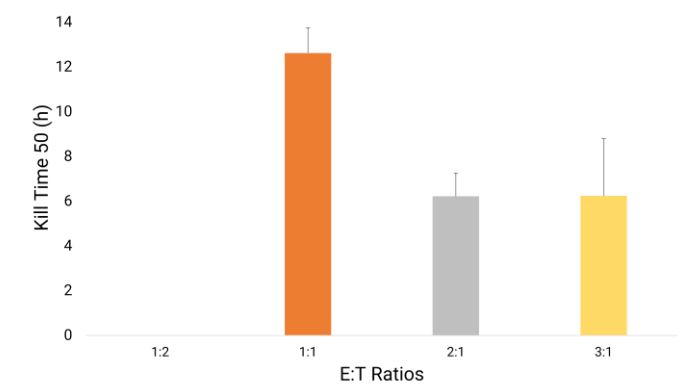
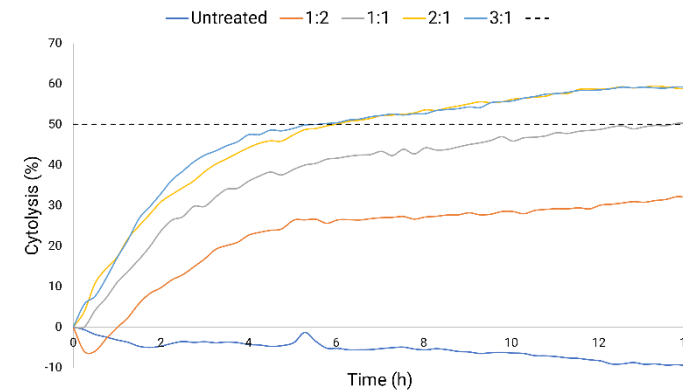
Diverse Frequency Spectrum for Cellular Analysis



A frequency spectrum ranging from <10 Hz up to >64 kHz enables the analysis of a unique richness of cellular information, such as barrier integrity, cytolysis, cell monitoring or Transepithelial Electrical Resistance (TEER).

A simultaneous assessment of all frequencies is feasible to speed up live cell analytics.

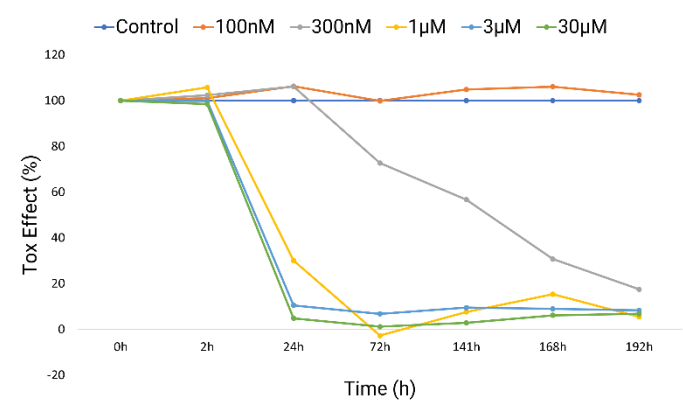
Immune Cell-Mediated Killing of A549 Cancer Target Cells



Cytolysis of A549 cancer target cells mediated by increasing effector T-cell ratios (E:T ratio 1:2, 1:1, 2:1, 3:1). Effector cells were added 24h after target cell seeding. AtlaZ control software calculates cytolysis (%) as well as Kill time 50.

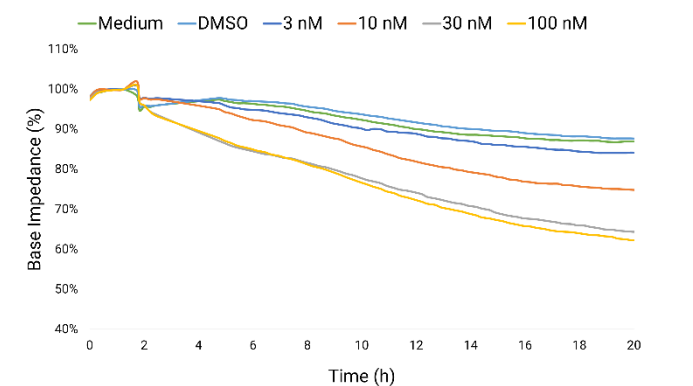
Kill time 50 of A549 cancer target cells. 50 % of cancer cells were killed by effector T-cells after 6 h at ratio 2:1 and 3:1 as well as after 13 h at ratio 1:1. Kill time 50 was not reached within 15 h at ratio 1:2. n=3-7.

Toxicity Effect of Aflatoxin B1 on Hepatocytes



Human iPSC-derived hepatocytes, cultured in 2D, show a concentration-dependent hepatotoxic effect upon Aflatoxin B1 treatment. Aflatoxin B1-mediated hepatotoxicity is a known effect in metabolically active hepatocytes.

Toxicity effect of Doxorubicin on Cardiomyocytes



Impedance recordings of human iPSC-derived cardiomyocytes show a concentration-dependent decrease of the base impedance in %, demonstrating structural cardiotoxicity when treated with doxorubicin.